AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (cancelled).

2. (currently amended) A method comprising the steps of:

by computer, identifying a trade of a traded instrument or item occurring at an outlier price deviating from a benchmark price, the benchmark price being a price or range of prices at which the instrument or item would have traded in absence of market distortion, the identifying being based at least in part on monitoring prices at which trades of the instrument or item occur over a time interval: and

distributing at least a portion of profits earned because of the deviation of the price of the outlier-price trade from the benchmark price, to at least one of a plurality of distributee participants in a market for the traded instrument or item.

3. (cancelled).

4. (currently amended) The method of claim 2 further comprising distributing the profits attributable to the deviation to at least one of the distributee market participants in proportion to a share of profits attributable to the deviation obtained from the distributee market participants.

5. (cancelled)

(previously presented) The method of claim 2, the monitoring of prices comprising sampling the trading price at pre-determined intervals.

7. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the benchmark price is determined based at least in part by determining a running average trading price.

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8. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the benchmark price is

determined based at least in part by determining a median trading price.

9. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the benchmark price is

determined based at least in part by determining a mode trading price.

10. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the benchmark price relative

to which deviation of the outlier-priced trade is evaluated includes a range of benchmark trading

prices.

11. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the benchmark price relative

to which deviation of the outlier-priced trade is evaluated includes a last-in-time trading price.

12. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, ,wherein the benchmark price is

determined based at least in part by determining a weighted average trading price.

13. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, further comprising implementing the

method in an electronic trading platform.

14. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the instrument or item

includes one or more of electricity, natural gas, energy, and oil.

15. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, the monitoring further comprising

monitoring a plurality of trading prices.

16. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the monitoring prices at

which trades of the instrument or item occur over a time interval includes monitoring for prices

remaining stable within a relatively small percentage range.

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17. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the prices monitored to

determine a benchmark price include prices for trades occurring after the outlier-price trade.

18. (previously presented) A computer program embodied on a tangible medium, the

program instructing a computer to:

identify a trade of a traded instrument or item that occurred at an outlier price deviating

from a benchmark price, the benchmark price being a price or range of prices at which the

instrument or item would have traded in absence of market distortion, the identifying being

based at least in part on monitoring prices at which trades of the instrument or item occur over a

time interval: and

generate a request that at least a portion of profits earned because of the deviation of the

price of the outlier-price trade from the benchmark price, be distributed to at least one of a

plurality of distributee participants in a market for the traded instrument or item.

19. (previously presented) The program of claim 18, the program further instructing the

computer to:

distribute the profits attributable to the deviation to at least one of a plurality of

distributee market participants harmed by the deviation from the benchmark price in proportion

to a share of profits attributable to the deviation obtained from the distributee market

participants.

20. (previously presented) The program of claim 18, wherein the benchmark price

relative to which deviation of the outlier-priced trade is evaluated includes a range of benchmark

trading prices.

21. (previously presented) The program of claim 18, ,wherein the benchmark price is

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determined based at least in part by determining a weighted average trading price.

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22. (previously presented) The program of claim 18, wherein the instrument or item

includes one or more of electricity, natural gas, energy, and oil.

23. (previously presented) The program of claim 18, wherein the monitoring prices at

which trades of the instrument or item occur over a time interval includes monitoring for prices

remaining stable within a relatively small percentage range.

24. (previously presented) The program of claim 18, wherein the prices monitored to

determine a benchmark price include prices for trades occurring after the outlier-price trade.

25. (previously presented) A method performed by a trader in a market for an

instrument or item, comprising the steps of:

entering an order into an electronic trading market for the instrument or item, and having

that order executed by an electronic platform for the market, the trade occurring at an outlier

price deviating from a benchmark price, the benchmark price being a price or range of prices at

which the instrument or item would have traded in absence of market distortion; and

receiving notification from the electronic trading platform of a redistribution of profits

either to the trader from other traders in the market, or from the trader to other traders, the

amount of the redistribution being based at least in part on identification of the deviation of the

price of the outlier-price trade from the benchmark price.

26. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the redistribution of profits

is based at least in part on a proportion of market share attributable to market participants.

27. (previously presented) The method of claim 25 further comprising distributing the

profits attributable to the deviation to at least one of the market participants in proportion to a

share of profits attributable to the deviation obtained from the distributee market participants.

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28. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the benchmark price is

determined based at least in part by determining a running average trading price over a time

interval.

29. (previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the benchmark price

relative to which deviation of the outlier-priced trade is evaluated includes a range of benchmark

trading prices.

30. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the benchmark price is

determined based at least in part by determining a weighted average trading price.

31. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, the monitoring further comprising

monitoring a plurality of trading prices.

32. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the prices monitored to

determine a benchmark price include prices for trades occurring after the outlier-price trade.

33. (new) The method of claim 2, the monitoring further comprising monitoring a

plurality of trading prices, the monitored instruments or items including at least electricity, the

monitoring of prices comprising sampling the trading price at pre-determined intervals and

maintaining a running period of the samples falling within a range, to determine a mode among

the samples of a running period.